

# 2026 National English Competition for College Students

(Type C – Preliminary)

参考答案及作文评分标准

## Part I Listening Comprehension (35 marks)

### Section A (15 marks)

1—5 ACCBD 6—10 CBDBD

### Section B (10 marks)

11—15 BDBCD

### Section C (10 marks)

16. The police force. / He is from the police force.

17. Theft (prevention).

18. To make their valuables forever marked.

19. Lock the door and window(s) securely.

20. Let others know and collect advice.

## Part II Vocabulary & Grammar (15 marks)

21—25 BABCA 26—30 CACAD 31—35 BADCB

## Part III Cloze (10 marks)

### Section A (5 marks)

36. at the edge of 37. along with 38. ground 39. eventually 40. weak

### Section B (5 marks)

41. wisdom 42. to 43. improvement 44. technician 45. inconvenience

**Part IV Reading Comprehension** (30 marks)

**Section A** (10 marks)

46—50 DACEG

**Section B** (10 marks)

51. They are the biggest-spending and most demanding generation of consumers the world has ever seen.

52. While their parents' generation knew many store owners personally, Generation Y are more likely to buy from huge multinational companies.

53. Because of their spending power and attitude toward shopping.

54. They see Gen Y consumers as the hardest group to sell products to.

55. They can use technology to personalize their products and services.

**Section C** (10 marks)

56. plants and crops 57. local dishes 58. diet and shopping

59. processed foods 60. increasing population

**Part V Translation** (20 marks)

**Section A** (10 marks)

61. 相较于 12 年前,“一带一路”倡议刚被提出之际,当今国际格局已经有了重大的改变,出现了有利和不利这项合作倡议的因素。越来越多的国家正在支持并接受这项愿景。据估计,将近 80%与中国有外交关系的国家已经加入。到 2025 年 3 月,已经有 152 个国家和 32 个国际组织加入这项倡议,使其真正实现了全球化,辐射至亚洲、欧洲、非洲和南美洲。

**Section B** (10 marks)

62. Someone once said, “Clothes have the psychological power to elevate our sense of self.” But likewise they have the power to weaken it. This is because clothes can either express our identity or contradict it. If they express it, they make us feel good. If they contradict it, they make us feel uncomfortable. Each of us has an image of our true self at heart. When people look at me, I can see myself reflected in my surroundings. Surface and substance will match. This is the aim of aesthetic meaning: capture and convey identity, and turn our ineffable sense of self into something tangible and authentic.

**Part VI Error Correction** (10 marks)

Chuck Wall teaches management and human relations at Bakersfield College.

He walked into class one day and told his students that his homework was to perform one act of randomly kindness. His students did not understand the assignment, but the professor would  $\wedge$  answer their questions. He encouraged his students to figure it out for themselves.

63. their

64. random

65. not

One week later, the students entered the classroom excited to share their stories. One student told of distribution blankets to the homeless, another reported on help a dog to find its owner, and another student had contacted a long losing friend. Students were energized by the homework assignment and wanted other people to be kind too. With the support of local businesses, the students made stickers to put to cars that challenged people to do something kind for others. They sold the stickers and decide to donate the money to a center for the blind—not surprising as Professor Wall is blind.

66. distributing

67. helping

68. lost

69. on

70. decided

Since then, similar kindness campaign have been started in schools around the world. Students learn to consider about other people and think about how small actions can make the world a better place.

71. campaigns

72. about

**Part VII Writing** (30 marks)

**Section A** (10 marks)

73. Omitted.

**Section B** (20 marks)

74. Omitted.

作文评分标准:

一、评分原则

1. 本题满分为 Section A 10 分、Section B 20 分,按四个档次给分。

2. 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。

3. Section A 词数少于 100 个词或多于 120 个词的,Section B 词数少于 140 个词或多于 180 个词的,从总分中减去 2 分。

4. 如书写较差,以致影响阅卷,将分数降低一档。

## 二、各档次给分范围和要求

第四档(很好):Section A 9~10 分;Section B 16~20 分

完全符合写作格式的要求,覆盖多个内容要点,表达思想清楚,文字通顺,连贯性很好,基本上无词汇和语法错误。

第三档(好):Section A 6~8 分;Section B 11~15 分

基本符合写作格式的要求,有个别地方表达思想不够清楚,文字基本通顺、连贯,有少量词汇和语法错误。

第二档(一般):Section A 3~5 分;Section B 6~10 分

不太符合写作格式的要求,漏掉内容要点,表达思想不清楚,文字多处出现词汇和语法错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。

第一档(差):Section A 1~2 分;Section B 1~5 分

未达到写作格式的要求,明显遗漏主要内容,表达思想混乱,有较多词汇和语法的重大错误,未能将信息传达给读者。

0 分

白卷;作文与题目毫不相关;内容太少,无法评判;所写内容无法看清。

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## 听力录音原文

### Part I Listening Comprehension (35 marks)

#### Section A (15 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **two** conversations. Each conversation will be read only **once**. At the end of each conversation, there will be a **one-minute** pause.*

*Listen to each conversation. Then read the **four** choices marked **A, B, C** and **D**, and decide which is the best answer according to what you hear. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **answer sheet** with a single line through the centre.*

#### Conversation One (5 marks)

**W:** Another delay! It's always the same. If you get to the airport on time, the plane's always late.

**M:** It's only thirty minutes, Nancy. Let's get a coffee while we're waiting.

**W:** Yeah, OK. What a pain, though!

**M:** Don't get stressed about it. If we didn't have planes, it would take a lot longer to get to Cape Town.

**W:** If we didn't have all these problems, I wouldn't be so fed up.

**M:** I should be fed up, not you. I'm only on this trip because Miranda's got the flu. Remember?

**W:** Yeah, I know. You're helping her, Mauro.

**M:** So, is something wrong today? You look a bit down. Is it the job? If there's anything wrong, I'll try and fix it for you.

**W:** No, no, it's not the job. I love it. We get to travel all around the world. We get to stay in expensive hotels. We get to meet famous people ... Yeah. I'm happy.

**M:** But ...?

**W:** But I heard from an old friend this week, Vanessa. We went to the international school together in London.

**M:** And?

**W:** Well, she has just finished drama school and now she's working as an actor! She's travelling all over America doing Shakespeare.

**M:** That's great news. Good for her.

**W:** But it's got me thinking, you see. I always wanted to be an actor when I was a kid, that was my dream.

**M:** We all have dreams. I wanted to be the youngest president of the USA!

**W:** But you're not American, you're Canadian.

**M:** I don't worry about things like that.

**W:** No. Anyway, now I'm thinking I made the wrong decision. Maybe I should be doing something else.

### **Conversation Two** (10 marks)

**W:** Now, tell us about your volunteering. You were a teacher?

**M:** That's right. I'm a teacher here in the UK, and I was just doing the same job in another country. My classes were twelve years and younger.

**W:** What were the schools like?

**M:** I was in a rural area and there weren't a lot of resources. I took a lot of books with me as a present to give to the school. Er ... It was a challenge as a teacher because I had to do things very differently, but you get used to that.

**W:** Do you have any funny stories to tell us?

**M:** Yes. One morning, I saw this strange object in the waste paper basket. I was about to pick it up when I saw it was a snake.

**W:** Was it dangerous?

**M:** Maybe. There are a dozen deadly snakes in Botswana. Anyway, all the children ran out of the room and eventually it was removed by the father of one of the children.

**W:** Incredible. Was there anything you found difficult when you were there?

**M:** The heat. I lived in a simple house with no air conditioning, and sometimes no water. Some days it was incredibly hot. The record when I was there was 40 degrees centigrade.

**W:** Wow. And now you present talks on volunteering in Africa?

**M:** Yes. It's very important to raise awareness of what is happening in Africa and what people need there. I also do a lot of fundraising. We ask people to sponsor a particular child in a school, for example, to pay for equipment and things like that.

**W:** How would you advise other people to work as volunteers in a place like Botswana?

**M:** I would say that it's a great experience. One thing I would say is that it is a very different culture from the

UK and you need to be prepared for that. Many people object to things like piercings, for example. But if you do plenty of research before you go, you won't have any problems. And most of all, if you do volunteer to do something like this, you'll find that it's a very, very rewarding experience.

**W:** Sounds great! Thank you, James.

**Section B** (10 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **five** short news items. Each item will be read only **once**. After each item, there will be a **fifteen-second** pause. During the pause, read the question and the **four** choices marked **A, B, C** and **D**, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **answer sheet** with a single line through the centre.*

11. Researchers recently reported new evidence from a study of a medical device placed inside the body, a spine-stimulating implant. Three people with a muscle-destroying disease got a little stronger after using the implant. They were able to stand and walk more easily because of electrical stimulation to their spinal cord. Marco Capogrosso is an assistant professor at the University of Pittsburgh, or Pitt, who led the research. "These people were definitely not expecting an improvement," he said. "They were getting better and better."
12. Scientists say the threat of a large space rock striking the Earth in 2032 has increased. Recent calculations suggest there is a small chance – perhaps around 1 to 3 percent – the space rock 2024 YR4 will hit the Earth in 2032. This also means there is around a 97 to 99 percent chance it will safely pass our planet in that year. The odds of a strike will likely continue to go up and down as the asteroid's path around the sun is better understood. And scientists say there is a good chance the risk will drop to zero.
13. The World Health Organization (WHO) has launched a new service, or platform, to provide free cancer medicines to thousands of children in less wealthy nations. The WHO defines these as low- and middle-income countries. The first medicines were to be provided to Mongolia and Uzbekistan. The next shipments would go to Ecuador, Jordan, Nepal and Zambia, as part of the project's testing, or pilot period, the WHO said. The drug treatments are expected to reach around 5,000 children with cancer this year across at least 30 hospitals in the six countries.
14. Name, image, and likeness deals have enabled student-athletes to make money while going to college in the United States. But outside of some big-name athletes, many say that a degree remains the biggest, most important prize for going to school. For years, college athletes could only receive free education and

living costs while competing for school teams. But that changed in 2021 when the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that athletes could earn money by selling their name, image and likeness. Well-known athletes like Jayden Daniels, now with the Washington Commanders, and Caitlin Clark, who currently plays for the Indiana Fever, made large amounts of money while in college.

15. A new museum of laughter in Croatia is offering to help people deal with the negativity of modern life. Visitors to the HaHaHouse in the Croatian capital Zagreb walk into a little cloud of white smoke when they step inside. Its purpose is to blow away their worries before they climb into a “giant washing machine”. Then they move down a twisting slide into a space filled with little white balls where their trip to a happier place starts. Forty-three-year-old Andrea Golubic is the museum’s creator. Golubic said she got the idea during the COVID-19 pandemic.

**Section C** (10 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **one** monologue. The monologue will be read **twice**. After listening, answer the questions using **no more than six words**. Write the answers on the **answer sheet**.*

**M:** Good morning, ladies and gentlemen, and thank you for allowing me to come here to talk to you. It really is a great idea for someone from the police force to come and talk to you, as it may save your time, money and also it may help to protect you. I hope you don’t mind when I point out some ideas that really are just common sense but it is often forgetting these common sense things that can lead to problems.

First of all, the thing that students are most likely to suffer from is theft. You hear a lot of terrible stories about muggings, rape and fraud but these are not really that widespread and we’ll talk about some of those things later. Thieves know very well that student lodgings are a good place to find electronic goods, wallets and bags and the like with little or no protection. So, make sure that your room, house or flat is securely locked each time you go out. Don’t leave valuables in the open where they can be spotted from the window. See if you can get an extra lock on your window too. If possible, when you’re out, try and leave your valuable things in a cupboard which has an extra lock on it. So much for theft prevention. If you do get burgled, though, there are ways to protect yourself here too. Try and get household insurance. Make a valuables list of all the items that you own, including things like keys and bank cards, estimate their value and take the list to any reputable insurance broker and get a quote for household insurance. This is not very expensive and it will give you peace of mind. Another thing you can do is to get an ultra violet pen and write your name and address on all your valuables. This will not be able to be seen in normal light so your goods won’t look any different, but your goods will be forever marked as your property.

Now, more seriously, we must look at your personal safety. This especially applies to women. Men of course are usually better able to protect themselves and are under less risk in any case. First, let's look at where you live. Again wherever you live you should make sure that your door is locked securely, even when you are at home and even if you are not alone, as people can leave your house without your knowing. So, in a dorm room, lock that door at all times especially at night. If you are in a rented apartment keep the front door locked at all times, and your own bedroom as well. If your bedroom has no lock, then get one put in. Get your landlord to do it – they usually will. It's a small price to pay for safety. Look at the windows in your house. Again, especially the ones in your bedroom. Make sure the window fastens securely and try to get an extra lock fitted. Keep curtains closed at night and also during the day if you don't mind, so that people can't see in. Get a chain fitted to your front door too and always have the chain on when you're at home. If you see someone often hanging around near your home, then let someone in your dorm know, or call the welfare office in the union for advice. They will never ignore your worries but will take everything seriously.

***This is the end of the listening part. Please transfer your answers to the answer sheet.***